Drau Group

From the Hohe Tauern to the Carnic Alps —
Austria's Largest and Most Geologically Diverse Project Group

EKOMETALL

~3,611 km²	3	Au, Ag, Cu, Pb, Zn, W
TOTAL LICENSE AREA	LICENSE BLOCKS	TARGET COMMODITIES

GEOLOGICAL OVERVIEW

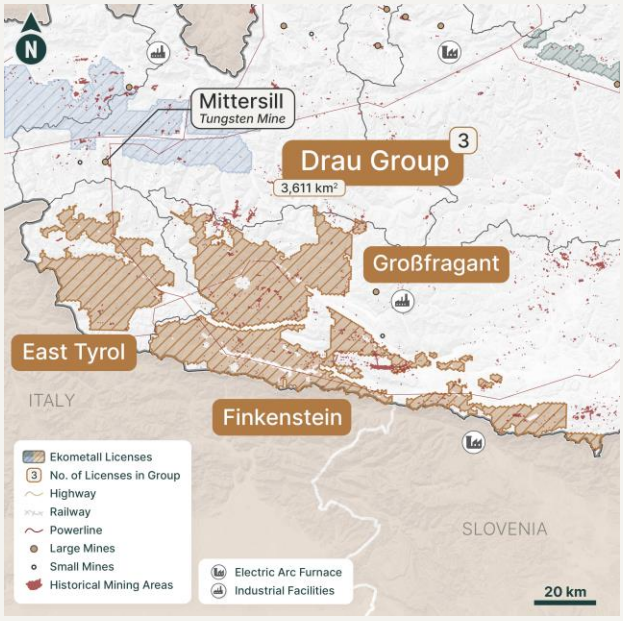
The Drau Group is Ekometall's largest and most geologically diverse project group. Three license blocks span from the Hohe Tauern southward through the Drau Valley corridor to the Carnic Alps — crossing three distinct geological domains in under 100 km. The result is a single group hosting VMS-style massive sulphides, stratiform base metal systems, and orogenic gold occurrences.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Served by the Drau Valley corridor via the A10/B100 road network. Lienz and Spittal an der Drau provide service centre access. Cross-border proximity to Italy via the Plöcken and Nassfeld passes.

MINING HERITAGE

Gold, copper, and base metal workings documented from Roman times through the early modern period. The Hohe Tauern was a legendary source of Alpine gold. Hundreds of meters of tunnels at the Altfinkenstein and Neufinkenstein mines attest to the scale of historical extraction.



LICENSE BLOCKS

East Tyrol — 896 km²

Cu, Pb, Zn, W

Old Gneisses & Bündnerschiefer zone. Stratiform pyrite-chalcopyrite VMS deposits.

Tessenberg, Panzendorf, Villgraten mines. Production from 16th century.

Grossfragant — 1,233 km²

Au, Ag, Pb, Cu, Sb

Bündnerschiefer VMS + Kreuzeck Group stratiform sulphides with high Au-Ag.

Grossfragant mine: copper-rich ore, 17th–early 20th century.

Finkenstein — 1,482 km²

Pb, Zn, Cu, Au

Polymetallic Pb-Zn-Cu-fluorite in Lower Devonian Gamskofel Limestone. Bleiberg-style/MVT.

16th–19th century mining. Altfinkenstein & Neufinkenstein tunnels.

WHAT'S NEXT

All three blocks in GexplOre Scraping Phase II — the most advanced stage after Kelchalpe–Viehhofen. Tessenberg assay results pending. Additional reconnaissance planned. Airborne geophysics from the Tyrol Group will inform survey prioritization across Drau targets.